Seto Inland Sea Cruise and World Heritage Site 3 nights 4 days Tour

Seto Inland Sea Cruise + Tour of World Heritage Sites in Wakayama, Himeji, and Hiroshima

4 nights 5 days

Seto Inland Sea Cruise + Tour of World Heritage Sites in Wakayama, Tokushima, Himeji, and Hiroshima

4 nights 5 days

Seto Inland Sea Cruise + Tour of World Heritage Sites in Nara, Kyoto, Himeji, and Hiroshima

3 nights 4 days

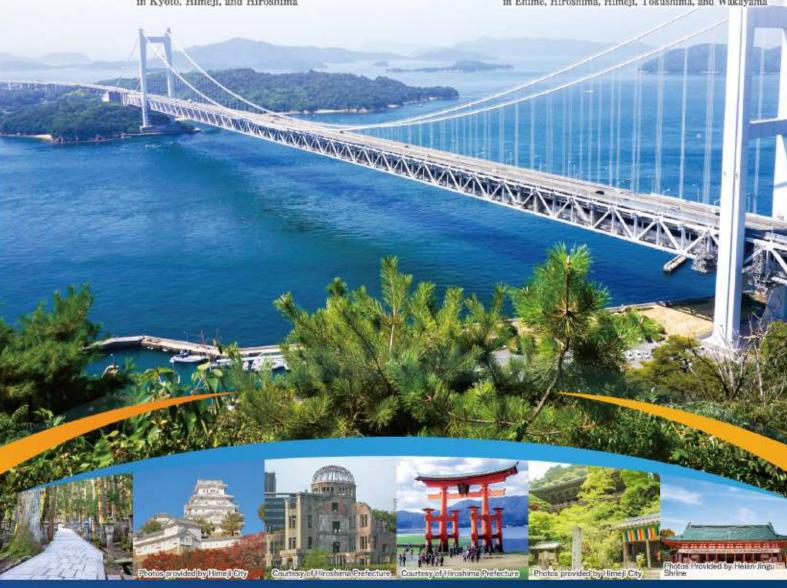
Seto Inland Sea Cruise + Tour of World Heritage Sites in Kyoto, Himeji, and Hiroshima

4 nights 5 days

Seto Inland Sea Cruise + Tour of World Heritage Sites in Hiroshima, Ehime, Okayama, Himeji, and Wakayama

5 nights 6 days

Seto Inland Sea Cruise + Tour of World Heritage Sites in Ehime, Hiroshima, Himeji, Tokushima, and Wakayama

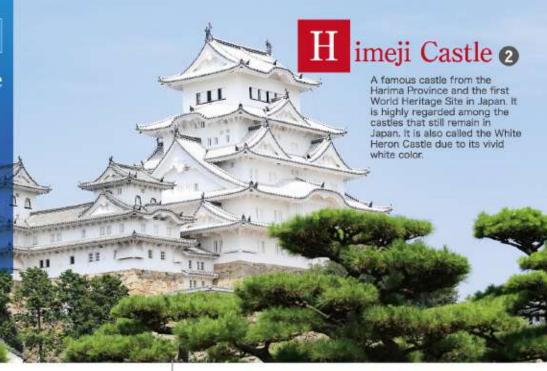


From Wakayama (Shimotsu Port) ▶ Hiroshima (Port of Hiroshima) Seto Inland Sea Cruise

Wakayama, Himeji, and Hiroshima

Tour of World Heritage Sites

3 nights 4 days



Schedule

Day	Port of Call	Tour Details	Overnight Lodging	Entering Port	Leaving Port
Day 1	Wakayama Shimotsu	Mt. Koys (Inner Shrine) – Kuroe, the Town of Kishu Lacquerware		7:00	18:00
Day 2	Himeji	Hirneji Castie – Nadagiku Sake Brewery – Shoshazan Engyoji Temple	Kinosaki Onsen	7:00	Anchorage
Day 3	Himeji	Seto Inland Sea Cruise			13:00
Day 4	Hiroshima	Miyajima - Itsukushima Shrine - Hiroshima Peace Memoriai Museum - Atomic Bomb Dome		7:00	18:00



Day2



Shoshazan Engyoji Temple

Established in 966 AD by Shoku-shonin. It is 27th stop on the 33-sacred temple Kannon pilgrimage route in Saigoku, and pilgrims from all over Japan visit. It is famous for being the filming location of the Hollywood movie, The Last Samurai.



t. Koya @

The inner shrines are the holiest of places, with shrines to Kobo Daishi who is believed to still offer help to those in need.



Kishu Lacquerware

Kishu Lacquerware has continued since woodworkers of the Muromachi period moved to Kuroe and began to create wooden bowls. It is a traditional lacquerware that has been produced over more than 400 long years of history.

tsukushima

The island of Itsukushima itself was believed to be a god since ancient times, and the shrine has its origins in an old Japanese phrase referring to "the island where the gods are enshrined and worshipped". A traditional shrine, it is a famous spot visited by many tourists year-round.

Peace Memorial Museum

A museum opened in 1955 to realize lasting peace and the abandonment of nuclear weapons, it is the heart of Hiroshima, and aims to show the devastation from and facts about atomic bombs to the world.

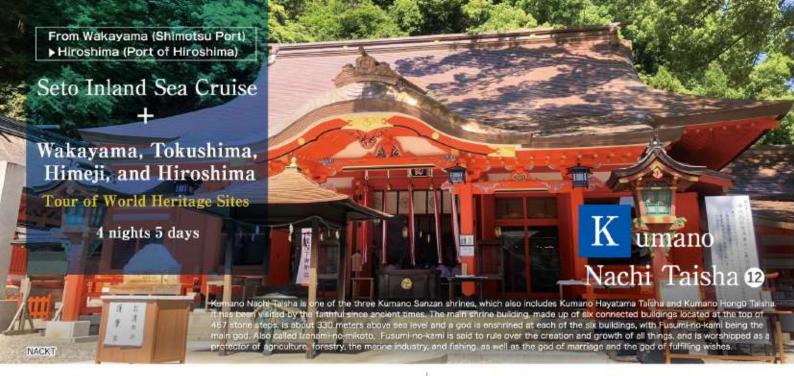




Day 4

/akayama

Day 1



Schedule

Day	Port of Call	Tour Details	Overnight Lodging	Entering Port	Leaving Port
Day 1	Shingu	Kumano Nachi Taisha		7:00	18:00
Day 2	Komatsushima, Tokushima	Otsuka Museum of Art and Seeing the Naruto Whirlpools – Tour of Awaji Island – Awa-odori Dance Experience (Festival)		7:00	18:00
Day 3	Himeji	World Heritage Site Himeji Castle, Koko-en Garden, and Shoshazan Engroii Temple/ World Heritage Site Himeji Castle, the Tenomine Highlands, and the Japon Toy Museum	Shiote Onsen or Ako Onsen	7:00	Anchorage
Day 4	Himeji	Seto Inland Sea Cruise			11:00
Day 5	Hiroshima	Peece Memorial Park and Aki no Miyajima - Higashihiroshima Seijo Sakagure-dori		7:00	18:00

oft of Hime

Nachi Waterfall 42

The Nachi Waterfall, an associated shrine of Kumano Nachi Taisha that has inspired awe in many since ancient times, is also known as the First Waterfall and is one of the three largest waterfalls in Japan. The water column drops 133 meters - the tallest in Japan -, with a width of 13 meters and depth at the basin of 10 meters. There are three cracks in the rock at the crest of the waterfall, causing the water to split into three streams before falling. The waterfall is thus also known as the Three Stream Falls.



Day 1





imeji



aruto Whirlpool

The Naruto Whirlpools are a natural phenomenon created by the violent tidal current that occurs due to the tidal variations between the Seto Inland Sea and the Kii Channel. The whirlpools are their largest during spring tide in spring and autumn. They are said to be the largest in the world, with vortices up to 20 meters in diameter.



Port of Hiroshima

Koko-en Garden is an authentic Japanese-style garden facing Himeji Castle, a World Heritage Site, and it is a popular tourist spot within Himeji. The Japanese style garden covers about 3.5 hectares of land and was built to commemorate the 100th year anniversary of Himeji becoming a city. The garden shows off an Edo period atmosphere with its 9 gardens, including The Garden of the Lord's Residence, which festures a path surrounding a pond, and the Tea Ceremony Garden, which features Souju-an, an authentic teahouse built in the sukiya-zukuri style. The garden is used as a filming location for historical dramas and large-scale TV productions.



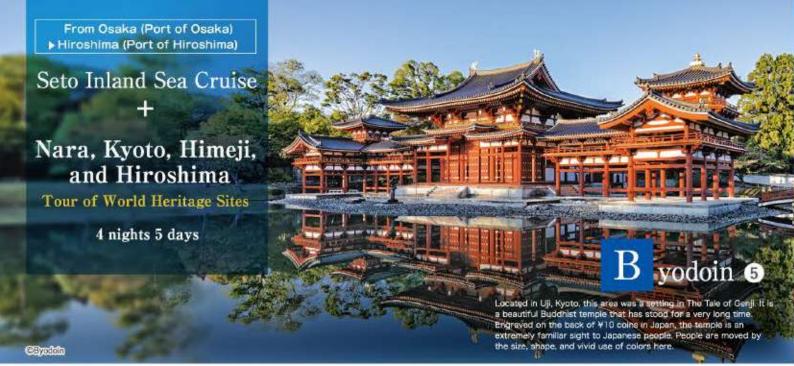
Otsuka Museum of Art

Features 300,000 square meters of space dedicated to permanent exhibits and an approximately 4 kilometer-long viewing route. The largest in Japan and one of the few ceramic tile art museums in the world. Over 1,000 Western masterpieces from antiquity to the present day have been faithfully reproduced in full size on ceramic plates from works owned by 190 art museums in 26 countries. This is a perfect place for art education and sightseeing.



Day 3

Day 2



Schedule

Day	Port of Call	Tour Details	Overnight Lodging	Entening Port	Leaving Port
Day 1	Osaka	Horyu-Ji - Nara Park - Phoenix Hall at Byodoin	Yunohana Onsen	7:00	Anchorage
Day 2	Osaka	Hozu River Boat Ride - Arashiyama - Kiyomizu-dera Temple			18:00
Day 3	Himeji	Himeji Castle – Nadagiku Sake Brewery – Shoshazan Engyoji Temple		7:00	Anchorage
Day 4	Himeji	Seto Inland Sea Cruise			8:00
Day 4 Day 5	Hiroshima	Miyajima – Itsukushima Shrine – Hiroshima Peace Memorial Museum – Atonic Bomb Dome		17:00	Anchorage



Day 2

Kiyomizu-dera Temple 5

A World Heritage Site that has been passed down over the ages. Known as the "Stage of Kiyomizu", the main hall is an elegant structure, featuring a hipped roof and built in the shinden-zukuri style. The Eleven-headed Thousand-armed Kannon Bodhisattva is enshriped here.



Hozu River Boat Ride

From a waterfall in the Tango Highlands in central Kyoto Prefecture, you float down the river between the mountains from Sonobe to Kameoka for 16 kilometers through the valley before arriving at scenic Arashiyama.

Day 3

hoshazan Engyoji Temple

Established in 966 AD by Shoku-shonin. It is 27th stop on the 33-sacred temple Kannon pilgrimage route in Ssigoku, and pilgrims

from all over Japan visit. It is famous for being the filming location of the Hollywood movie, The Last Samurai.







ara Park

Nara Park is approximately 600 hectares in size, and within the park are woodlands and rivers. In addition to nature, the park is adjacent to Toda-ji, a World Heritage Site, Kohfukuji Temple, Kasugatalsha Shrine, and the Nara National Museum. It is also called History Park as it contains many especially valuable items of historical heritage.

Day 1

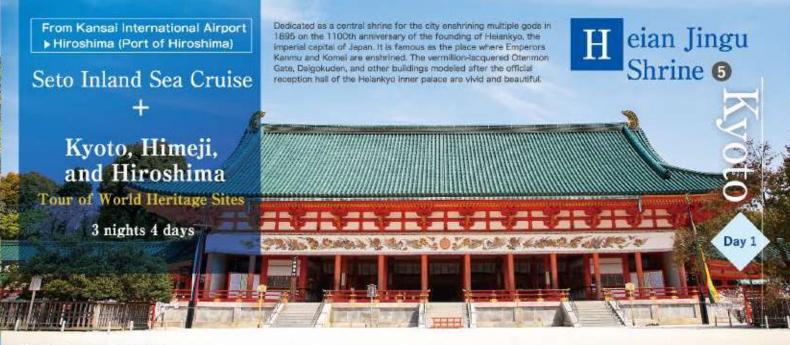


eace Memorial

The Peace Memorial Park is an urban park built in central Hiroshima near the blast center in memory of those who died from the atomic bomb and as a wish for everlasting world peace. Filled with a desire for peace, the sounds of the peace bells when rung were selected by the Ministry of the Environment as one of the 100 Soundscapes of Japan to be remembered.







Photos provided by Heian Jingu Shrine

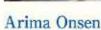
Schedule

Day	Port of Call	Tour Details	Overnight Lodging	Entering Port	Leaving Port
Day 1	Kansai International Airport	Kinkaku-ji – Helan Jingu Shrine – Kiyomizu-dera Temple	Arima Onsen		
Day 2	Himeji	Himeji Castle – Nadagiku Sake Brewery – Shoshazan Engyoji Temple		15:00	Anchorage
Day 3	Himeji	Seto Inland Sea Cruise			8:00
Day 3 Day 4	Hiroshima	Miyajima – Itsukushima Shrine – Hiroshima Peace Memorial Museum – Atomic Bomb Dome		17:00	Anchorage 18:00



Arima

Day 1





Arima Onsen is counted among the top three hot springs in Japan. The reddish brown waters, known as Kinsen, are famous. The resort town is easy to walk around and features cute shops and cafes.



liroshima

Day 4

Day 2

S hoshazan Engyoji Temple

Established in 986 AD by Shoku-shonin. It is 27th stop on the 33-sacred temple Kannon pilgrimage route in Seigoku, and pilgrims from all over Japan visit. It is famous for being the filming location of the Hollywood movie, The Last Samurai.



Nadagiku Sake Brewery

A sake brewery in Himeji that was founded in 1910. They produce the Nadagiku and Kikunoshizuku brands of sake. They offer brewery tours and meals you might expect from a brewery. It is gaining popularity as a tourist spot where you can enjoy a nostalgic brewery atmosphere along with a healthy meal.

M iyajima 8

Miyajima is a World Heritage Site and one of the Three Views of Japan. Locals from nearby say that the island has been an area of nature worship since ancient times as visitors have felt the presence of spirits from the appearance of the Island, the high peak of Mt. Misen among the other mountains, and the fact that the Island is covered in a primeval forest that is dark even in the daytime.

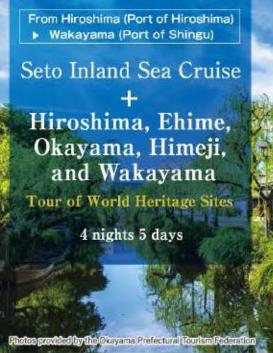
Atomic Bomb Dome



The Atomic Bomb Dome is a building that was bombed by the first atomic bomb used by humankind at the end of the Second World War, it is a monument of peace for all people of all races that transcends time and continues to seek the abandonment of nuclear weapons and the importance of everlasting peace.







as correct kan Historical Quarter where you can enjoy the rehouses, the tiled namako walls, rows of willow a streets. The townscape, made up of traditional buildings, and the retro-modern scenes along the Kurashiki River continue to attract people from all around the world.

Schedule

Day	Port of Call	Tour Details	Overnight Lodging	Entering Port	Leaving Port
Day 1	Hiroshima	Peace Memorial Park and Aki no Miyajima - Higashihiroshima Saijo Sakagura-dori - Seto Inland Sea Cruise		7:00	16:00
Day 2	lmabari	Sightseeing Along the Shimenami Kaido (Ohmishima Bridge, Setoda, and Onomichi) – Sightseeing at Dogo Onsen in Matsuyama		7:00	18:00
Day 3	Uno	Kurashiki Bikan Historical Quarter — Sightseeing at Okayama Korakuen — Sightseeing on Naoshima — Sightseeing at Kotohira-gü and Takamatsu Ritsurin Garden		7:00	18:00
Day 4	Himeji	World Heritage Site Himeji Castle, Koko-en Garden, and Shoshazan Engyoji Temple/ World Heritage Site Himeji Castle, the Tonomine Highlands, and the Japan Toy Museum		7:00	18:00
Day 5	Shingu	Kumano Nachi Taisha and Nachi Waterfall - Tour of the Three Kumano Sarizan Shrines		7:00	18:00



Day 3



"Red Pumpkin" ©Yayoi Kusama, 2006 Naoshima Miyanoura Port Square Photo/Dalsuke Aochi

Naoshima

This work by Yayof Kusama catches your eye as soon as you arrive in Miyanoura Port. For this work, announced in 2006, Yayoi said that she, searched for the red light of the sun to the end of the universe, and that is was transformed into a red pumpkin under the sea near Naoshima." This powerful artwork gives off the strength and presence of the sun.



Kotohira-gū

Kotohira-gū, famous as the 'Konpira-san of Sanuki", is enshrined on the side of Mt. Zozu, and has been visited by the faithful from all over Japan since ancient times, it is believed that a variety of gods are enshrined here, including the god of the sea and other gods. Believers wish for an abundant crop, a good catch of fish, and prosperity in business



Ormishma Bridge is the only arch bridge of the Shimanami Kaido, and connects Ohmishima and Hakata Islands. It was opened in 1979, and was the first of the Honshu-Shikoku Bridges to be opened. The arch support spans 297 meters, and was arch support spans 297 meters, and was the longest arch bridge at the time when completed. The light gray of the bridge, which blends in beautifully with the surrounding landscape, is exquisite when reflected in the blue sea.



Japan Toy Museum

The Japan Toy Museum is another spot worth visiting after Himsji Castle, having earned two stars in the Michelin Green Guide, Inside the white walts of the museum's 6 buildings, approximately 5,000 toys and dolls from 160 countries in addition to Japanese toys, dolls, and traditional silk craft items are on display. Special exhibits are held every season The play area where you can play with toys is quite popular among children.



Day 4

Dogo Onsen

Dogo Onsen, with a history of over 3,000 years, was the setting of a novel by Natsume Soseki and is famous as the oldest hot spring area in Japan. Its history goes back 3,000 years. It appears in several texts, and was called the Waters of Iyo and the Waters of Nikitatsu. The current "Dogo" name began to be used during renovations in the Taika period (645 AD).



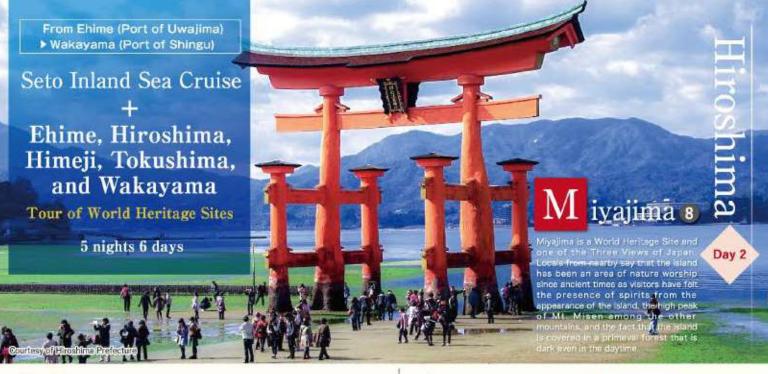
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Day 2







Schedule

Day	Port of Call	Tour Details	Overnight Lodging	Entering Port	Leaving Port
Day 1	Uwajima	Sightseeing in Uwajima and Bull Fighting – Shimanto River Sightseeing		7:00	18:00
Day 2	Hiroshima	Peace Memorial Park and Aki no Miyajima – Higashihiroshima Saljo Sakagura-dori		7:00	Anchorage
Day 3	Hiroshima Himeji	Seto Inland Sea Cruise		18:00	8:00 Anchorage
Day 4	Himeji	World Heritage Site Himaji Castle, Koko-en Garden, and Shophazan Engyoji Temple/ World Heritage Site Himaji Castle, the Tonomine Highlands, and the Japan Toy Museum			18:00
Day 5	Komatsushima, Tokushima	Otsuka Museum of Art and Seeing the Naruto Whirlpools – Tour of Awaji Island – Awa-odori Dance Experience (Festival)		7:00	18:00
Day 6	Shingu	Kumano Nachi Taisha and Nachi Waterfall - Tour of the Three Kumano Sanzan Shrines		7:00	18:00



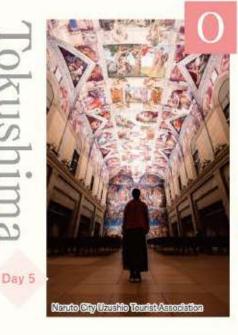
Nachi Waterfall 12

The Nachi Waterfall, an associated shrine of Kumano Nachi Taisha that has inspired awe in many since ancient times, is also known as the First Waterfall and is one of the three largest waterfalls in Japan. The water column drops 133 meters - the tallest in Japan with a width of 13 meters and depth at the basin of 10 meters. There are three cracks in the rock at the crest of the waterfall, causing the water to split into three streams before falling. The waterfall is thus also known as the Three Stream Falls.



Day 6





tsuka Museum

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the present day have been faithfully reproduced in
full size on ceramic plates from works owned by 190 art museums in 26 countries. This is a perfect place for art education and sightseeing.



Awa-odori Dance Experience

The Awa-odori is one of the three largest Bon festival dances in Japan and is held in central Tokushima city. The summer festival envelopes the entire town in a fever from the heated atmosphere of this dance that matches the clamorous rhythms.

himanto

Day 1

The Shimanto River is the longest river in Shikoku, at 196 kilometers in length. Downstream, there are many sights to see, including tourist house boats, the Dragonfly Nature Park, and the Sada Submersible Bridge. The river is also blessed with scenes of traditional river fishing.

Bull Fighting

Bull fighting, a folk culture unique to the Uwajima area, is only held in a few areas across Japan. There is no time limit for the bull fighting, and so, while some matches may end in I minute, others can take more than 40. There are

nail-biting moments when the more than 1 ton bulls glare at one another or clash.





- Buddhist Monuments in the Horyu-jl Area (Date of inscription; 1993)
- Himeji-ja (Himeji Castle) (Date of inscription: 1993)
- Yakushima (Date of Inscription: 1993)
- Shirakami-Sanchi (Date of inscription: 1993)
- Historic Monuments of Ancient Kyoto (Date of inscription: 1994)
- Historic Villages of Shirakawa-go and Gokayama (Date of inscription: 1995)
- Hiroshima Peace Memorial (Atomic Bomb Dome) (Date of inscription: 1996)
- Itsukushima Shrine (Date of inscription: 1996)
- Historic Monuments of Ancient Nara (Date of inscription: 1998)
- Shrines and Temples of Nikko (Date of inscription: 1999)
- Gusuku Sites and Related Properties of the Kingdom of Ryukyu (Date of inscription: 2000)

- Sacred Sites and Pilgrimage Routes In the Kii Mountain Range (Date of inscription: 2004).
- B Shiretoko (Date of inscription: 2005)
- Iwami Ginzan Silver Mine and its Cultural Landscape (Date of inscription: 2007)
- 15 Ogasawara Islands (Date of inscription: 2011)
- Hiraizumi Temples, Gardens and Archaeological Sites Representing the Buddhist Pure Land (Date of inscription: 2011)
- Fujisan, sacred place and source of artistic inspiration (Date of inscription: 2013)
- 18 Tomicka Silk Mill and Related Sites (Date of inscription: 2014)
- Sites of Japan's Meiji Industrial Revolution: Iron and Steel, Shipbuilding and Coal Mining (Date of inscription: 2015)
- The National Museum of Western Art (Date of inscription: 2016)
- Sacred Island of Okinoshima and Associated Sites in the Munakata Region (Date of inscription: 2017)
- Hidden Christian Sites in the Nagasaki Region (Date of Inscription; 2018)
- Mozu-Furuichi Kofun Group: Mounded Tombs of Ancient Japan (Date of inscription: 2019)



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Courtesy of Hiroshima Prefecture

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